# Bhakta Kavi Narsinh Mehta University -Junagadh



# Faculty of Business Management

# Syllabus For

### **Bachelor of Business Administration**

### (B.B.A.)

### Choice Based Credit System

#### **BBA Semester -V**

Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Category	Course Title	С	IM	EM	Total
1	161100010501	Core	Business Environment	3	30	70	100
2	161100010502	Foundation	Business Law	3	30	70	100
3	161100010503	Core	Production & Operation Management	3	30	70	100
4	161100010504	Allied	Direct Taxes	3	30	70	100
5	161100010505	Foundation	Ethics and Corporate Social Responsibility	3	30	70	100
6	161100010506	Core	Cost Accounting	3	30	70	100
			Optional- Any Two of the Following				
7	161100010507	Elective	Marketing Group- Advance Marketing	3	30	70	100
8	161100010508	Elective	Finance Group – Investment Banking and Financial Services	3	30	70	100
9	161100010509	Elective	Human Resource Group- Management of Industrial Relations	3	30	70	100
10	161100010510	Elective	Statistics Group- Fundamentals of Operations Research	3	30	70	100
	Total			24	240	560	800

#### **CC-501 - BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT**

Unit - 1	An introduction to Business Environment
	Definition of business environment, internal and external environment. (micro &macro environment, economic and non-economic environment)
Unit – 2	LPG
	Concepts of Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization, meanings of globalization & privatization, their impacts on Indian economy.
Unit - 3	Indian Tax System
	Meaning of tax, its types, canons of good tax system, and tax revenues for central and state governments.
Unit – 4	Public Finance
	Fiscal policy-objectives and tools, public debt, public revenue and public expenditure. Central budget.
Unit – 5	International Institutions
	History, objectives, structure, functions, achievement and failures of World Bank, International Monetary Fund, World Trade Organization
	And European union.

#### CC-502 - BUSINESS LAW

Unit - 1	Indian Contract Act-1972	
	<ul> <li>Nature of contract; Classification; Offer and acceptance; Capacity of parties to contract; Free consent; Consideration; Legality of object; Agreement declared void; Performance of contract;</li> <li>Discharge of contract; Remedies for breach of contract. Special Contracts: Indemnity; Guarantee; Bailment and pledge; Agency.</li> </ul>	
Unit – 2	Sale of Goods Act -1930	
	Formation of contracts of sale; Goods and their classification, price; conditions and warranties; Transfer of property in goods; Performance of the contract of sales; Unpaid seller and his rights, sale by auction; Hire purchase agreement.	
Unit - 3	Negotiable Instrument Act : 1881	
	Definition of negotiable instruments; Features; Promissory note; Bill of exchange &cheque Holder and holder in the due course; Crossing of a cheque.S Types of crossing; Negotiation; Dishonour and discharge of negotiable instrument.	
Unit – 4	The Consumer Protection Act -1986	
	Salient features; Definition of consumer; Consumer Protection Council, Grievance redressal machinery,	
Unit – 5	The Right to Information Act- 2005	
	Salient features and coverage of the Act, definition of terms information, right, record, public authority; obligations of public authorities, requesting information and functions of Public Information Officer.	

#### **CC-503 - PRODUCTION AND OPERATION MANAGEMENT**

Unit - 1	Introduction to Operations and Operations Management
	Concept, Meaning, Need and Objectives of Production and Operations Management. Development of Production Function. Relation of Production with other functions like design function, purchase function, plant layout, maintenance, etc. Product Classification. Product selection (steps for identifying the product for manufacturing), Product development (market pull, technology push, inter-functional approach).Research and Development and Design of a Product.
Unit – 2	Maintenance Management
	Need of maintenance management, equipment life cycle (Bathtub curve), measures for maintenance performance (MTBF, MTTR and availability). <b>Lean production:</b> Definition of lean production, lean Demand Pull logic, waste in Operations, elimination of waste.
Unit - 3	Facilities planning
	Production planning, level of automation, facilities required for manufacturing, where to produce, arranging required facilities, how to produce, etc. Production Systems, Plant Layout. <b>Differences between</b> <b>various types of layout:</b> Product layout, Process layout, Cellular layout, Static Layout, etc) Various types of Material Handling Systems, their principles, distinguishing features, uses. Overview of various types of maintenance systems Meaning/Functions/Nature of Production, Planning & Control.
Unit - 4	Importance of Materials Management
	Corporate policy, organization, research, planning, source selection, Value Analysis and Value Engineering, and Purchase management, importance of purchasing, purchasing systems. Inventory management, its prime importance, Inventory Control Techniques - ABC, FSN, GOLF, VED, SOS.
Unit - 5	Warehousing and Stores management
	Centralized and de-centralized stores. Brief introduction to various methods of stores accounting. Need for stock verification. Management of scrap/waste/surplus/obsolete materials JIT, KANBAN, KAIZEN, Push V/s Pull concept. Materials Requirement Planning. Explanation of EOQ - its advantages/limitations/modifications. Types of inventory systems (P-system and the Q-system). Need for safety stock/reserve stock. Control Charts. X-bar chart, R-chart, p-chart, c-chart. Graphical representation.

#### **CC-504 - DIRECT TAXES**

Marks: 60 % Marks for Practical Problems and 40 % Marks for theory questions.		
Unit - 1	General	
	<ul> <li>Definitions: Person, Income, Assesses Previous Year, Assessmen Year, Gross Total Income, Total Income, And Agricultural Income Heads of Income</li> <li>Residential status and Incidence of Tax</li> </ul>	
Unit – 2		
	<ul> <li>Incomes exempt from Income Tax (Section 10)</li> <li>Deductions from Gross Total Income (Section 80C. 80CCC, 80CCD, 80CCG, 80D, 80DD, 80DDB, 80E, 80EE, 80TTA, 80U)</li> </ul>	
Unit - 3		
	<ul> <li>Income from Salary (Section 15, 16, 17 and Rules 3, Section 10(7) 10(10), 10(10A), 10(13A)</li> <li>Income from House Property (Sec. 22 to 25 only)</li> </ul>	
Unit – 4		
	<ul> <li>Income from Business and Profession (Section 28,29,30,31,32,35,35(2AB),35ABB, 35AC, 35AD, 35CCA 35CCC, 35CCD, 35D,36,37,40,40A, 40A(2), 40A(3), 40a(7), 41 43B, 44AA &amp; 44AB)</li> <li>Capital Gain (Section 45, 47, 48, 49, 50 only)</li> </ul>	
Unit – 5		
	<ul><li>Income from Other Sources (Section 56, 57, 58, 59)</li><li>Income Tax Authorities</li></ul>	
	Syllabus is restricted to study of specified section only. Law In force on 1st April immediately preceding the commencement of	

Academic year will be applicable for ensuing Examinations.

• Study of rules is not implied for unless and until specifically mentioned.

#### **<u>CC-505 - ETHICS AND CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY</u></u>**

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Unit – 1	
	Business Ethics: Meaning of ethics, why ethical problems occur in business. Ethical principles in business: Utilitarianism: weighing social cost and benefits, Rights and duties, justice and fairness, ethics of care, Integrating utility, rights, justice and caring, An alternative to moral principle: virtue ethics, Moral issues in business: worker's and employee's rights and responsibilities, profit maximization vs. social responsibility.
	Corporate governance: concept, Need to improve corporate governance standards, Features of good governance, Role played by regulators to improve corporate governance, accounting standards and corporate governance, corporate disclosure, insider trading.
Unit - 3	
	The Board –Quality, Composition and role of Board, Outside Directors on the board (independent, nominee), Executive and Non- Executive directors, SEBI clause 49, directors and financial institutions in enhancing corporate governance, critical issues in governance of board directors, CEO Duality.
Unit – 4	
	Role of auditors in enhancing corporate governance, duties and responsibilities of auditors, corporate governance and internal auditors, Whistle blowing: Kinds of whistle blowing, precluding the need for whistle blowing.
Unit – 5	
	Discrimination, affirmative action, and reverse discrimination: Equal employment opportunity, Affirmative action, Preferential hiring, and Corporate social responsibility: Meaning, Evolution of corporate social responsibility, common indicators for measuring business social performance, reporting social responsibility measures in annual report.

#### **<u>CC-506 - COST ACCOUNTING</u>**

Marks: 60 % Practical Examples, 40 % Theory.			
Unit - 1	Introduction		
	<ul> <li>Nature, Scope and Need of Cost Accounting, Concept of cost, Objectives of cost Accounting, Advantages and Limitations of Cost Accounting, Difference between Financial and Cost Accounting, Cost Unit &amp; Cost Centre.</li> <li>Element of Cost: Cost Concept, Classification of Cost, Cost Unit and Cost center, Cost Sheet.</li> </ul>		
Unit – 2	Accounting for Materials Cost		
	Definition and Types of Materials, Material control: Concept and techniques; Pricing of material issues; Treatment of material losses.		
Unit - 3	Accounting for Labour Cost		
	Definition and Types of Labour Cost, Labour cost control procedure; Labour turnover; idle time and overtime; Methods of wage payment-time and piece rates; Incentive schemes.		
Unit – 4	Accounting for Overheads		
	Definition of Overhead Cost, Classification of Overheads, Allocation, apportionment and Absorption of overheads; Determination of overhead rates; Under and over absorption, and its treatment.		
Unit – 5	Cost Ascertainment		
	Job and Batch Costing – Meaning, Features, Advantages and Limitation; Contract Costing – Basic Concepts, Process Costing - Meaning, Features, Normal and Abnormal Loss/Gains, Operating Costing – Meaning, and Features & Objectives. (Simple practical examples for preparing Cost Sheet may be asked in Examination)		

#### **CC-507 - ADVANCED MARKETING MANAGEMENT**

Unit - 1	Marketing Research Practices	
	<b>Research Design:</b> Concepts and Types (Exploratory, Descriptive, and Causal) <b>Sampling:</b> Concept of Sample and Sampling, Uses and Type of Sampling; <b>Data Collection Tools</b> : Questionnaire (Concept, Key Issues in Questionnaire Preparation, Types of Question with Examples); <b>Data Collection Methods</b> : Survey Method, Observation Method, Experimental Method, and Panel Method. <b>Research Report</b> : Concept, Qualities, and Format; <b>Marketing</b> <b>Information System (MIS)</b> : Concept and Components.	
Unit – 2	Managing Advertising	
	Advertising Message: Concept, Process of Developing Adverting Message; Ad Copy: Concept and Layout; Advertising Media: Concept, Types, Factors, and Concept of Media Scheduling; Advertising Budget: Concept, Methods; Factors; Functioning of Ad Agencies: Concept, Functions, and Benefits, Brief Profile of Some Leading Ad Agencies; Social Issues of Advertising: Positive and Negative Outcomes of Advertising: Measuring Advertising Effectiveness: Need and Methods (Communication Effect Test and Methods Sales Effect Test).	
Unit - 3	International Marketing	
	Concept and characteristics; Need or Importance of International Marketing, Forces Leading to Growth of International Marketing; Concept of PULL and PUSH Forces; International Marketing Environment: Concept and Variables, Practical Difficulties (Challenges); Key Decisions in International Marketing (Each decision should be Discussed in Detail with Practical Examples); Primary Idea of International Agencies/Organizations Affecting International Marketing.	
Unit – 4	New Marketing Realities	
	<b>Direct Marketing and Online Marketing</b> : Concept of Direct and Online Marketing; Activities, Cyber Marketing Process; Benefits and Limitations, <b>Green Marketing</b> : Concept, Need and Importance; Green Marketing Efforts and Managerial Implications; <b>Customer Relationship Marketing (CRM)</b> : Concept and Importance; Components of CRM Programme, Concept of e-CRM, Common Drawbacks in CRM Programme.	
Unit – 5	Case Study	
	Concept of Case and Case Study; Role of Case Study and Case Study Guidelines; <b>Case Analysis</b> : Small and medium size case for case study relating to the topics in the syllabus ( <b>Note</b> : At least two cases should be discussed in the class room. Note: In examination only one or two cases shall be asked for anabasis).	
	OR	
Unit - 5	Some Advanced Concepts In Modern Marketing (15%)	
	<ul> <li>Customer Database – Concept of Data Warehouses, and Data Mining</li> <li>Brand Equity: Concepts, Building Brand Equity, Measuring Brand Equity, and Managing Brand Equity</li> <li>Word of Mouth: Concept and Media</li> <li>Market Logistics: Concepts and Decisions</li> <li>Demand Management: Concepts, Demand Situations and Marketing Management Tasks</li> </ul>	
each with	<b>nt Note for Unit 5:</b> A student can select any one; there will be two options in the examination, h two questions. There will be one or two cases from Case Study <sup>®</sup> and two questions from "Some d Concepts in Modern Marketing; student can opt any one.	

### <u>CC-508 - INVESTMENT BANKING AND</u> <u>FINANCIAL SERVICES</u>

Unit - 1	Introduction
	An Overview of Indian Financial System, Investment Banking in India, Recent Developments and Challenges ahead, Institutional structure and Functions of Investment / Merchant Banking; SEBI guidelines for Merchant Bankers, Registration, obligations and responsibilities of Lead Managers, Regulations regarding Continuance of association of lead manager with an issue
Unit – 2	Issue Management
	Public Issue: classification of companies, eligibility, issue pricing, promoter's contribution, minimum public offer, prospectus, allotment, preferential allotment, private placement, Book Building process, designing and pricing, Green Shoe Option; Right Issue: promoter's contribution, minimum subscription, advertisements, contents of offer document, Bought out Deals, Post issue work & obligations, Investor protection, Broker, sub broker and underwriters
Unit - 3	Leasing and Hire Purchase
	<ul> <li>Concepts of leasing, types of leasing – financial &amp; operating lease, direct lease and sales &amp; lease back, advantages and limitations of leasing, Lease rental determination; Finance lease evaluation problems (only from Lessee's angle),</li> <li>Hire Purchase interest &amp;Installment, difference between Hire Purchase &amp; Leasing, Choice criteria between Leasing and Hire Purchase,</li> </ul>
Unit – 4	Venture Capital and Credit Rating
	<ul> <li>Venture Capital: Concept, history and evolution of VC, the venture investment process, various steps in venture financing, incubation financing.</li> <li>Credit Ratings: Introduction, types of credit rating, advantages and disadvantages of credit ratings, Credit rating agencies and their methodology, International credit rating practices.</li> </ul>
Unit – 5	Securitization
	Concept, securitization as a funding mechanism, Traditional and nontraditional mortgages, Graduated-payment mortgages (GPMs), Pledged-Account Mortgages (PAMs), Centralized Mortgage obligations (CMOs), Securitization of non-mortgage assets, and Securitization in India.

#### **CC-509 - MANAGEMENT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS**

Unit - 1	Basic framework of Industrial relations:	
	Concept of Industrial relations characteristics, objectives , significance and factors affecting industrial relations, parties in industrial relations- workers employers and government, trade unions, approaches to industrial relations, globalization and industrial relation, Suggestions to improve Industrial Relations in India	
Unit – 2	Industrial Disputes in India	
	Meaning–Difference between Industrial Disputes and Industrial conflict – Forms of Industrial Disputes– Impact of Industrial Disputes– Difference between Human Relations and Industrial Relations– Prevention and settlement of industrial disputes, Industrial disputes Act 1947	
Unit - 3	Basic framework of Labour Legislations	
	Salient features, coverage and provisions relating to The Payment of Wages Act 1936, The Payment of Gratuity Act 1972, The Minimum Wages Act 1948 and The Payment of Bonus Act 1965, Factories Act 1948 and The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act 1946.	
Unit – 4	Worker's Participation in Management	
	Definition, origin, Nature, objectives, forms of Worker's Participation in management- Works Committee - Joint management Councils, Shop councils - Joint councils, board level participation, Concept and working of Quality circles, Employee Empowerment	
Unit – 5	Trade Unionism, Collective Bargaining and Negotiation	
	Concept, Functions of Trade Unions, Types of Trade Unions, Problems of Trade Unions in India. Collective Bargaining –Concept, Principles– Forms of Collective Bargaining, Negotiation - Effective negotiation, Current trends, issues and practices in Negotiation in Indian Industries.	

#### **CC-510 - FUNDAMENTALS OF OPERATIONS RESEARCH**

Unit - 1	Introduction of Operations Research		
	Nature of Operations Research		
	Characteristic of Operations Research		
	Methodology of Operations Research		
	Models of Operations Research		
	Applications of Operations Research		
Unit – 2	Linear Programming -1		
	• Meaning and uses of L.P.		
	• Various terms which are used in L.P.		
	• Mathematical Formulation of the L.P.		
	• Assumptions and Limitations of L.P.		
	Optimum solution of L.P. by Graphical Method		
	Typical Examples.		
Unit - 3	Linear Programming -2		
	Slack and Surplus variables.		
	• Optimum solution of L.P. by simplex Method (for two & three		
	variables only)		
	<ul> <li>Transformation of a given problem into dual problem and its</li> </ul>		
	optimum solution.		
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Unit – 4	Transportation Problem		
	Introduction of T.P.		
Unit – 5	Assignment methods		
	Introduction		
	<ul> <li>Typical Examples.</li> <li>Transportation Problem</li> <li>Introduction of T.P.</li> <li>Initial method of solving T.P.         <ul> <li>(1) North-West corner rule method</li> <li>(2) Matrix minima method</li> <li>(3) Vogel's approximation method</li> <li>Optimum method for solving T.P.                 <ul> <li>(1) MODI method,</li> <li>(2) Stepping stone method</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>		